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**On 2-distance  $(\Delta + 4)$ -coloring of planar graphs with girth five.** (English) Zbl 08184176  
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A 2-distance coloring of a (simple) graph  $G$  is a proper vertex coloring such that any two vertices at distance at most two from each other receive distinct colors; equivalently, it is a proper coloring of the square  $G^2$ . The least number of colors needed for such a coloring is the 2-distance chromatic number of  $G$ , denoted  $\chi_2(G)$ . Trivially,  $\chi_2(G) \geq \Delta(G) + 1$ .  $G. Wegner$  [“Graphs with given diameter and a coloring problem”, Technical Report, University of Dortmund (1977)] conjectured that, for every planar graph  $G$ ,  $\chi_2(G) \leq 7$  when  $\Delta(G) = 3$ ,  $\chi_2(G) \leq \Delta(G) + 5$  when  $4 \leq \Delta(G) \leq 7$ , and  $\chi_2(G) \leq \lfloor 3\Delta(G)/2 \rfloor + 1$  when  $\Delta(G) \geq 8$ . The case  $\Delta(G) = 3$  was settled by  $C. Thomassen$  [*J. Comb. Theory, Ser. B* 128, 192–218 (2018; [Zbl 1375.05110](#))] and independently by  $S. G. Hartke$  et al. [“The chromatic number of the square of subcubic planar graphs”, Preprint, [arXiv:1604.06504](#)], but otherwise the conjecture remains open. For a dynamic survey of the area, see [ $D. W. Cranston$ , *Electron. J. Comb.* DS25, 42 p. (2023; [Zbl 1519.05072](#))].

In this paper, the author considers the case of planar graphs  $G$  of girth at least five. For this class, the bound  $\chi_2(G) \leq \Delta(G) + 4$  has previously been established under successively lower thresholds on  $\Delta(G)$ : for  $\Delta(G) \geq 150$  by  $W. Dong$  and  $W. Lin$  [*Discrete Appl. Math.* 217, Part 3, 495–505 (2017; [Zbl 1358.05101](#))], and for  $\Delta(G) \geq 40$  by  $Y. D. Jin$  and  $L. Y. Miao$  [*Acta Math. Appl. Sin., Engl. Ser.* 38, No. 3, 540–548 (2022; [Zbl 1492.05045](#))] as a consequence of an analogous statement for list 2-distance colorings. The main result of this paper is to lower the threshold on  $\Delta(G)$  for which the bound  $\Delta(G) + 4$  is known: precisely, that  $\chi_2(G) \leq \Delta(G) + 4$  for any planar graph  $G$  with girth at least 5 and  $\Delta(G) \geq 22$ .

The proof is by the discharging method applied to a minimal counterexample. The author introduces a classification of vertices into “light” and “heavy”. Writing  $D(v) = \sum_{u \in N(v)} d(u)$ , a vertex  $v$  is called light if  $D(v) < \Delta(G) + 4 + n_2^3(v)$ , where  $n_2^3(v)$  is the number of 2-neighbors of  $v$  that are adjacent to a 3-vertex other than  $v$ ; and heavy if  $D(v) \geq \Delta(G) + 4 + n^l(v)$ , where  $n^l(v)$  is the number of light neighbors of  $v$ . A direct color-availability argument shows that every neighbor of a light vertex must be heavy, from which the author derives a number of forbidden configurations involving vertices of small degree. The hypothesis  $\Delta(G) \geq 22$  enters through inequalities of the form  $D(v) \geq \Delta(G) + 4 + n^l(v) \geq 26$  that are used to force certain neighbors of  $v$  to have sufficiently high degree.

The improvement is purely on the threshold; the bound  $\Delta(G) + 4$  itself is unchanged from the prior work of Jin-Miao [loc. cit.] and Dong-Lin [loc. cit.]. Closing the gap with the bound  $\chi_2(G) \leq \Delta(G) + 3$  for  $\Delta(G) \geq 339$  due to  $W. Dong$  and  $B. Xu$  [*J. Comb. Optim.* 34, 1302–1322 (2017; [Zbl 1373.05063](#))] remains an open problem.

Reviewer: [Brahadeesh Sankarnarayanan \(Jodhpur\)](#)

#### MSC:

- [05C15](#) Coloring of graphs and hypergraphs
- [05C10](#) Planar graphs; geometric and topological aspects of graph theory
- [05C12](#) Distance in graphs

#### Keywords:

coloring; 2-distance coloring; girth; distance; planar graph

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